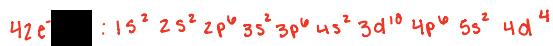
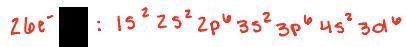
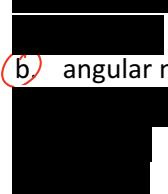


Mock Exam 3

1.



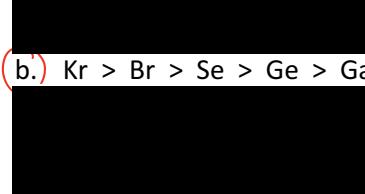
2.



(b) angular momentum

Subshell = l = angular momentum

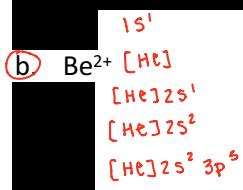
3.



(b.) Kr > Br > Se > Ge > Ga

↑
ionization
energy

4.



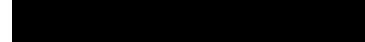
(b) Be^{2+}

[He] 2s¹

[He] 2s²

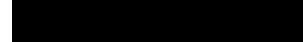
[He] 2s² 3p⁵

5.



4d, 6s, 2s, 4f, 2p
↑
highest
energy
Subshell
density closest
to nucleus

6.



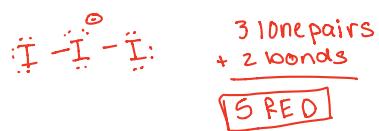
$$\Delta T_{\text{MP}}: 36.2 + 273.15 = 309.35 \text{ K}$$

$$(1.39) V = (.0871)(.0821)(309.35)$$

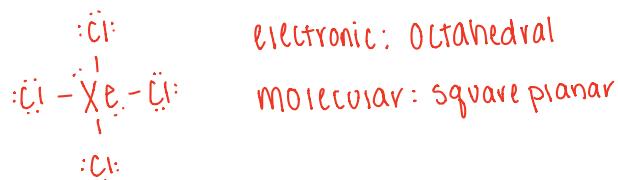
$$\text{PRESSURE: } \frac{141 \text{ kPa}}{101.325 \text{ kPa}} \text{ atm} = 1.39 \text{ atm}$$

$$V = \frac{1.39 \text{ L} \times 1 \text{ atm}}{1.95 \text{ L}} = \boxed{1.68 \text{ L}}$$

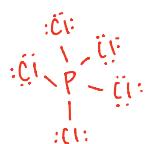
7.



8.



9.



trigonal bipyramidal

trigonal bipyramidal

no

10.

(d.) K > Ca > Ge > As > Kr

↓
atomic
radius

11.

$$P_1 V_1 = P_2 V_2$$

$$\frac{832 \text{ torr}}{760 \text{ torr}} \text{ atm} = 1.09 \text{ atm}$$

$$(1.09)(2) = P(1)$$

$$P = \frac{2.18 \text{ atm}}{1 \text{ atm}} \frac{760 \text{ torr}}{1 \text{ atm}} = 1656.8 \text{ torr}$$

12.

RED: $\downarrow \nu = \downarrow E = \uparrow \lambda$

(c) II and III.

YELLOW: $\uparrow \nu = \uparrow E = \downarrow \lambda$

13.

(a) 14; 10; 6.



14.

(a) N-F < C-F < B-F < H-F.

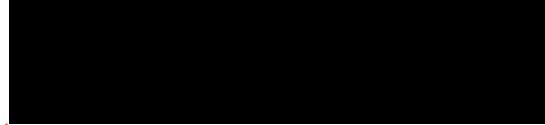


15.

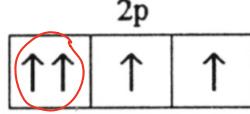
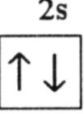
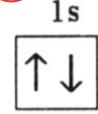
a)



b)



(c)



d)

 $\uparrow \downarrow$

The electrons are not spin paired

e)

16.

$$\frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2 V_2}{T_2}$$

$$\frac{(1)(4)}{400} = \frac{x(3)}{800}$$

$$x = 4$$

e.) Quadruples.

17.

b.) The volume of each gas would be 5.0 L and the pressure would be 1.0 atm.

All gases fill the
volume of the
container

$$\text{Pressure: } \frac{10\text{ atm}}{10} = 1$$

18.

- a.) The temperature reading is too high and could be due to a malfunctioning thermometer.
- d.) An outside heating source may be present.

If you $\frac{1}{2}$ the
pressure the
temp should be
 $\frac{1}{2}$ the original

19.

a.) 2.18 atm

$$\text{mol: } \frac{24.5\text{ g}}{62.01\text{ g/mol}} = .3951\text{ mol}$$

$$(P)(V) = (0.3951)(0.0821)(336.15)$$

$$\text{Temp: } 63 + 273.15 = 336.15\text{ K}$$

$$P = 2.18\text{ atm}$$

Nitrate - NO_3^- - 62.01 g/mol

20.

(a) s; f.

 $S = \downarrow E = \text{most stable}$ $f = \uparrow E = \text{least stable}$

21.

(b) Nitrogen. $1s^2 2s^2 2p^3$ $\begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 & & 3 \end{array}$ (c) Arsenic. $[Ar] 4s^2 3d^1 4p^3$ $\begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 & \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \end{array}$ $[Ar] 4s^2 3d^8$ $\begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \end{array}$

22.

(a.) $n = 2, l = 1, m_l = 0, m_s = +1/2$. $n = 2$ $l = 1$ $m_l = -1, 0, 1$ $m_s = \pm 1/2$ (c.) $n = 2, l = 0, m_l = 0, m_s = +1/2$.

I.

23. Which orbitals could e

(a.) I only.

24.

 $F > Cl > Br > I$

25.

a)

Not resonance -
moved single
bonds

b)

Not resonance -
moved single bond

c)

26.

$$\frac{12.46 \text{ psi}}{14.7 \text{ psi}} \times 1 \text{ atm} = 0.848 \text{ atm}$$

27.

$$\text{mol: } \frac{12.4 \text{ g}}{128 \text{ g}} \times 1 \text{ mol} = .443 \text{ mol}$$

$$(1.2)(V) = (.443)(.0821)(298.15)$$

$$\text{temp: } 25 + 273.15 = 298.15 \text{ K}$$

$$V = 9.04 \text{ L}$$

28.

$$456 = 20.1 + X$$

$$X = 435.9$$

29.

$$(1.6)(2.3) = n(0.0821)(298.15)$$

$$n = .15 \text{ mol}$$

$$\text{molar mass: } \frac{1.38}{.15} = 9.2 \text{ g/mol}$$

30.

δ^- : more electronegative

δ^+ : less electronegative

(d) δ^- Cl-P δ^+

